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UNIVERSITÄT  
MÜNCHEN

MUNICH INTERNATIONAL  
SUMMER UNIVERSITY

MISU<sup>LMU</sup>

# European Studies Munich – Prague – Vienna

'An ever closer Union? The European Union in crisis'

June 3 – 28, 2019  
[www.eusg-misu.de](http://www.eusg-misu.de)



# Munich

Arrival: 2 June

Sessions: 3 – 17 June

Departure: 17 June

Session will take place at:

Edmund-Rumpler-Straße 12

## Lecturer

### Head Coordinator EU Studies programs

Stefan Jagdhuber

LMU Munich



Stefan Jagdhuber is a Researcher Fellow at the Chair of International Relations at the LMU Munich. His research focus is on theories of International Relations and European Integration that he uses to analyze the EU's performance on the international scene as well as the integration trajectory of policies belonging to the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice. He is the academic coordinator of the European Studies Programs of the Munich International Summer University.

Stefan Jagdhuber holds a MA in political science from the Ludwig-Maximilians University Munich and attended several academic workshops and conferences in the United Kingdom, the USA, Italy and Belgium.

## General course content

The sessions in Munich introduce students to the historical trajectory of the European integration process as well as the policy-making system in the EU. Furthermore, the sessions in Munich will centre on current developments in the European Union and on how theory-guided empirical research by EU scholars is discussing current issues such as Brexit, increasing euroscepticism, the Euro crisis, the migration crisis and plans for further integration.

<b>Time</b>	<b>9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.</b>	<b>11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.</b>	<b>afternoon</b>
Mon, 3	<p>Welcome Meeting at LMU</p> <p>The aim of this introductory session is to collect the participants' perspectives on Europe and to identify questions to be dealt with throughout the seminar.</p>	<p>Approaching a continent: A history focused perspective</p> <p>In this session, an overview on European history and the history of ideas will be given as the basis for understanding Europe.</p>	
Tue, 4	<p>From the European Community (EC) to the European Union (EU)</p> <p>This session will give an overview over the history of European integration from the 1950s until 2000. A closer look will be taken at the protagonists, ideas and processes that guided the initial phase and shaped the further development of the integration process.</p>	<p>The EU's institutional structure after Lisbon</p> <p>The Treaty of Lisbon has been the latest reform of the EU's institutional structure. In this session we will analyse the functioning of the European institutions after Lisbon and assess their effectiveness and problem solving capacities.</p>	
Wed, 5	<p>The Political Economy of European Integration (I): The Single Market and the Monetary Union</p> <p>This session will discuss two of the major economic projects of the European integration: the creation of the single market and the Monetary Union. Both are central elements of Europe's political architecture and have a tremendous impact on economic activities in Europe.</p>	<p>The Political Economy of European Integration (II): Recovering from the Eurocrisis</p> <p>After years of banking- and sovereign-debt crisis the financial markets seem to regain confidence in the Eurozone's economy. In this session we will discuss the EU's management of the Eurocrisis and analyse how it has changed the political, economic and social balance of the EU.</p>	
Thu, 6	<p>Germany in the European Union: The end of the "permissive consensus"?</p> <p>Building on the previous session we will assess how the Eurocrisis has impacted on the attitude about European integration in Germany. Particular emphasis will be on German public opinion about Europe and we will analyse how Germany's role in the EU is changing as a result of the crisis</p>	<p>Methodology and academic writing</p> <p>In this special session we will discuss possible topics for the essay. In addition, we will look at the requirements of academic working, the structuring of papers and presentations as well as issues like literature and internet research etc</p>	
Fri, 7	Visit to the Dachau Concentration Camp Memorial Site (tbc)		
Sat, 8			
Sun, 9	Trip to Castle Neuschwanstein (tbc)		

<b>Time</b>	<b>9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.</b>	<b>11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.</b>	<b>afternoon</b>
Mon, 10	<p>The EU's migration and asylum policy</p> <p>By abolishing internal border controls, EU member states faced increasing pressures to adopt common rules on the regulation of migration flows. We will trace the development of EU migration policies from the Treaty of Maastricht until the recent migration crisis.</p>	<p>The EU's migration crisis</p> <p>On the one hand we will describe the events and developments during the ongoing migration crisis. On the other hand we will discuss how effective and legitimate the EU's migration policies have been.</p>	
Tue, 11	<p>Public Opinion and the Rise of Populist Movements</p> <p>Formerly, governments of EU Member States enjoyed considerable discretion when fleshing out European measures. In this session we discuss recent literature that stresses the 'end of the permissive consensus' and emphasizes the increasing role of public opinion in European matters.</p>	<p>Brexit: The United Kingdom and the EU</p> <p>Britain has always had a special relationship with the EU. This session will assess how membership in the EU has influenced the political system of the UK and where Britain has left its mark on the EU. Lastly, we will analyse the UK's decision to leave the EU.</p>	
Wed, 12	<p>The EU Counterterrorism Policy</p> <p>Since the 9/11 terrorist attacks and the Madrid bombings on March 2004, combating terrorism has become a European topic. During this session, the development of a common European approach as well as problems and difficulties will be analysed.</p>	<p>Transatlantic relations – The EU and the United States</p> <p>After the end of the Cold War the EU's relationship with the US went through different phase's agreement and disagreement. In this session we will assess transatlantic relations and dis-cuss the prospects and challenges for future EU-US relations.</p>	
Thu, 13	<p>Students presentations</p>	<p>A Europe of the regions?</p> <p>In some of Europe's member states political autonomy and cultural identity are traditionally linked to the region. On EU level this is taken into account with the concept of "A Europe of the Regions" as well as the principle of subsidiarity. This session will discuss what role the regions actually play in European politics.</p>	
Fri, 14	<p>Students presentations</p>	<p>Wrap up: What has EU ever done for us?</p> <p>The EU is often accused of being a bureaucratic monster that is governed by technocrats from Brussels ("eurocrats") who are lacking democratic accountability. How do these prejudices evolve?</p>	
Sat, 15			
Sun, 16			

# Prague

Arrival: 17 June

Sessions: 18 – 21 June

Departure: 23 June

Session will take place at:

Anglo-American University, Letenská

## Lecturer

Prof. Dan Marek

Palacký University



Dan Marek is Associate Professor of European Politics at the Department of Politics and European Studies, Palacký University, Czech Republic.

He has studied at Palacký University (Czech Republic), University of Umea (Sweden), UCLA (USA) and Hull University (UK). He taught Central European and EU politics at universities in the Netherlands, the UK and USA.

His teaching and research interests include European Union politics, policies and Central European politics. He is a co-author of *Cohesion Policy in the European Union* (Palgrave Macmillan, 2014) and *The Czech Republic and the European Union* (Routledge, 2011) and co-editor of *EU Cohesion Policy after Enlargement* (Palgrave Macmillan, 2008) and *The New Member States and the European Union: Foreign Policy and Europeanization* (Routledge, 2013).

His other publications include articles on European and Czech politics in the *Journal of Common Market Studies*, *Publius*, the *Journal of International Relations and Development*, *Perspectives on European Politics and Society* and the *Journal of Contemporary European Studies*. He also worked as an advisor to the Czech government on the preparations for the Czech EU Presidency (2007-09).

## General course content

The sessions Prague are devoted to Europeanization, i.e. the question in how far the EU changes the political system, politics and policies of its Member States. In this regard and given Prague as venue, the course will especially take into account the perspective of an Eastern European Member State that joined the EU rather recently. Dan Marek of the Palacký University Prague will motivate students to reflect on Member States' different preferences on how to proceed with European integration and why Eastern European Member States currently hold divergent ideas on the EU than Western neighbours with regard to migration-related issues or domestic political reform.

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 17	<p>Departure to Prague</p> <p>Guided Walk through the City of Prague</p>		
Tue, 18	<p>The Eastern Enlargement of the EU</p> <p>The East Enlargement of the EU fundamentally changed Europe's political landscape. We will assess the political and economic transformation processes that took place in the Central and Eastern European countries after the end of the Cold War and because of their EU membership.</p>	<p>The EU's new member states and the Euro crisis</p> <p>In this session, we will discuss how the international financial crisis has affected the EU's new member states in Central and Eastern Europe. In particular, we will analyse their perspective on the EU's crisis management and the role Germany, France and other "old" members of the EU played in this regard.</p>	
Wed, 19	<p>Security as a matter for the EU or for NATO? Security political interests of Central and Eastern European states</p> <p>NATO and the EU represent most important security frameworks for the CEECs. How the combination of these frameworks serves security interests of the CEECs will be discussed in this session. The impact of the Ukraine crisis on European security will also be covered here.</p>	<p>The Czech Republic as an EU member state</p> <p>As a candidate state, the Czech Republic was forced to accept EU rules and policies that it had no role in making. As a member state, how-ever, it has a formal role in EU institutions and an opportunity to influence the EU decision-making process. In this session we will discuss how the Czech Republic copes with her role as an EU member state.</p>	
Thu, 20	<p>Central and Eastern European states and current EU challenges</p> <p>Currently the EU faces a range of internal and external political and economic challenges, including the Greek debt crisis, the ongoing migration and refugee crisis, a resurgent Russia, and a heightened terrorism threat. In this session, the responses of the CEECs to these challenges will be closely examined.</p>	<p>Wrap-up session</p>	
Fri, 21	<p>Day-off</p>		
Sat, 22			
Sun, 23	<p>Departure to Vienna</p> <p>Guided Walk through the City of Vienna</p>		

# Vienna

Arrival: 23 June

Sessions: 24 – 28 June

Departure: 29 June

Sessions will take place at:

Webster University, Praterstrasse 23, 1020 Wien

## Lecturer

Dr. Franco Algieri

Webster University, Vienna



Franco Algieri has been Associate Professor of International Relations at Webster University Vienna since 2013 and Head of the International Relations Department since 2014. From April 2008 to July 2013 he was Director of Research at the Austrian Institute for European and Security Policy (AIES). Prior to that, he worked as a Research Fellow at the Institute for European Politics in Bonn (1991-1994) and at the Research Group on European Affairs at the Johannes-Gutenberg University Mainz (1994-1995) and later as a Senior Research Fellow at the Center for Applied Policy Research (C.A.P) at the Ludwig-Maximilians University Munich (1995-2008).

He lectured on political science at the Institut für Politikwissenschaft at the Eberhard-Karls University Tübingen and at the Geschwister-Scholl-Institut at the Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich. In 2000, he was appointed Guest Professor at the School of International Studies and Senior Fellow at the Centre for European Studies, both at the Renmin University of China in Beijing.

## General course content

The course analyses Europe's role as an international political and economic actor and its relations with different countries and regions of the world. Franco Algieri of the Webster University Vienna has published several contributions on the European Union and its foreign political stance and international relations. Together with the summer academy participants he will discuss the EU's role in international affairs and analyse the European cooperation in the context of globalization.

<b>Time</b>	<b>9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.</b>	<b>11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.</b>	<b>afternoon</b>
Mon, 24	<p>Welcome and introduction Austria in the European Union</p> <p>Neutrality and diplomatic flexibility has characterised for Austrian foreign policy. In this session we will assess how this has changed as a result of Austria's membership in the EU and we will discuss how a small country like Austria can influence the development of the European foreign and security policy</p>	<p>The Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP), The Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP))</p> <p>The EU develops its profile as an actor in international affairs. In this session, the evolution from European Political Cooperation to the Common Foreign and Security and a Common Security and Defence Policy will be analysed.</p>	
Tue, 25	Europe and the United Nations / Visit of the UN City in Vienna		
Wed, 26	<p>The Eastern Partnership and EU-Russia relations</p> <p>The EU's relations with its Eastern neighbourhood are of particular interest for the stability of the European continent. In this session, the specificity of the EU's policy towards Eastern European countries and in particular to Russia will be examined.</p>	<p>The Southern Neighbourhood and EU-Africa Relations</p> <p>Similarly important as the Eastern neighbourhood is the Southern neighbourhood for the EU. In this session it will be analysed how different parts of Africa are of specific interest for the EU.</p>	
Thu, 27	<p>European Asia Policy: EU relations with ASEAN</p> <p>The EU has long-standing relations with different regions and states of Asia. EU-Asian relations are a particular example of inter-regional relations and will be analysed in this session, looking at the development process, prospects and challenges.</p>	<p>European Asia Policy: EU relations with China, India, Japan and other Asian countries</p> <p>Apart from ASEAN there are a number of Asian countries that matter for the EU. This session will be devoted to the specific features of EU relations with selected Asian countries in a comparative view.</p>	
Fri, 28	<p>The EU's global role in the 21st century: superpower or marginalized power?</p> <p>Since the end of the bipolar world in 1989/1990 the debate about a new global structure is ongoing. Whether the pattern of international relations will be multipolar or not is disputed. Discussions about scenarios for the future of international relations and the role of the EU.</p>	<p>Final Wrap-up Session Course Evaluation</p>	
Sat, 29	Departure		
Sun, 30			